## Precellys Homogenization and Quenching Procedure

For every tissue sample we use:

2 ml 100 % acetonitrile

1.3 ml dH<sub>2</sub>O

0.2 ml 0.2 mM Tris-Cl pH8.0 (40 nmoles of Tris)

Total volume = 3.5 ml

To avoid mixing up 60%AcN with Tris and 60% AcN without Tris, my suggestion is 1

We can make master mix for 20 samples as follows:

## **Master Mix:**

2 ml x 20 = 40 ml 100% acetonitrile

1.3 ml x 20 = 26 ml dH 20

0.2 ml x 20 = 4 ml 0.2 mM Tris-Cl pH 8.0 (40 nmoles Tris)

Total V = 70 ml

## Slice Pre-treatment:

- \* Add 100 ml master mix to snap-cap tube (depending on the slice size and shape
- \* Use microscissors to cut the slices inside the snap-cap tube
- \* Use pestle to smash the pieces against the tube wall (BE VERY CAREFUL)
- \* Use microscissors again to cut the slices inside the snap-cap tube
- \* Use pestle again to smash the pieces against the tube wall (BE VERY CAREFUL)
- \* Wash the pestle with 100 ml master mix
- \* Wash the scissors with 100 ml master mix
- \* Transfer sample to Precellys tube containing beads using 1 ml pipet tips cut at the
- \* Wash snap-cap tube and pipet tip with 2 x 100 ml master mix. KEEP the tip.

In this way, about 500 ml of pre-cut slices will be further homogenized using Prece Precellys:

Add ice to coil and wait till air T goes down to 16  $^{0}$ C.

Use 3 cycles of 5000 rpm - 5 seconds interval in between runs.

At this point, you have 3 ml of master mix to use for transferring the homogenized Rinse the beads and tube with 3  $\times$  1.0 ml of master mix, transferring to the 15 ml t

to prepare a master mix with all 3 components described above.
you may need to use another 50 or 100 ml - if this is the case, remember that the
ne tip end with razor blade to facilitate transfer to small tissue chunks. ellys.
J/quenched sample to 15 ml conical tube and washing the tube with beads and the tube.

